

CARE INSTRUCTIONS FOR KALDEWEI STEEL ENAMEL 3.5 MM

1. After use, rinse the surface with water and wipe with a damp cloth, chamois or sponge.
2. Remove light marks with a mild household detergent or mild all-purpose cleaner; soak heavier marks for around 15–20 minutes before cleaning.
3. Calcium deposits may be avoided by ensuring that all fittings are properly sealed and that all water is removed after use. Any calcium deposits that do occur can be removed with a hand-hot 1:1 solution of vinegar and water. (Do not use concentrated vinegar.) After cleaning, rinse the surface thoroughly. Do not use coarse, abrasive powder cleaners or highly acidic cleaners. Always observe the care instructions for the fittings on your shower tray or bath.
4. When using a drain cleaning product, please read the manufacturer's instructions carefully and pour the cleaner directly into the wastepipe. Immediately remove any cleaner that may have splashed onto the enamel.
5. For more thorough cleaning at intervals, or to remove heavier marks, use Kaldewei enamel powder or Kaldewei enamel care from the Kaldewei accessory range*.

Surface damage can often be repaired using the Kaldewei enamel pen* or the Kaldewei enamel set*.

*Products not available in NL, CH or E.

CARE INSTRUCTIONS FOR KALDEWEI STEEL ENAMEL 3.5 MM WITH EASY-CLEAN FINISH

In order to retain the easy-clean finish on your bath or shower tray made of Kaldewei steel enamel 3.5 mm for many years to come, please observe the following care instructions!

1. After use, rinse the surface with warm water and wipe with a soft, damp cloth or chamois.
2. If your bath or shower tray is more heavily marked, use ordinary dishwasher liquid, a mild household detergent, a mild all-purpose cleaner or a slightly acidic bath cleaner. Apply your chosen cleaner in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions either with a soft sponge, a sponge cloth or a fabric cloth. Heavier marks should be soaked for 15–20 minutes before cleaning.
3. Calcium deposits may be avoided by ensuring that all fittings are properly sealed and that all water is removed after use. Any calcium deposits that do occur can normally be removed with a cloth. More difficult marks can be cleaned with a hand-hot 1:1 solution of vinegar and water. (Do not use concentrated vinegar.) After cleaning, rinse the surface thoroughly. Always observe the care instructions for the fittings on your shower tray or bath.
4. When using a drain cleaning product, please read the manufacturer's instructions carefully and pour the cleaner directly into the wastepipe. Under no circumstances should drain cleaner be allowed to splash onto the enamel!

The following materials will cause permanent damage to the surface of your shower tray or bath: abrasive cleaners, steel wool, scouring pads, strong acidic cleaners, strong alkaline cleaners, detergents and washing powder or detergent/washing powder suds. Do not use Kaldewei enamel care or Kaldewei enamel powder on baths or shower trays with easy-clean finish. These products are suitable only for deep cleaning standard enamel surfaces. Under no circumstances should mortar, tile adhesive or joint filler be allowed to come into contact with the surface of your shower tray or bath. The same applies to building dust, sand, and similar materials. All of these materials are abrasive and will cause damage to the surface finish.

CARE INSTRUCTIONS FOR KALDEWEI 3.5-MM STEEL ENAMEL WITH ANTI-SLIP/FULL ANTI-SLIP FINISH

The care instructions for baths made of Kaldewei 3.5-mm steel enamel with the anti-slip and full anti-slip finishes are basically the same as for the Kaldewei baths without them. Due to the special non-slip surface, the following cleaning instructions are to be observed.

1. The following are suitable for cleaning: mild vinegar and neutral cleaning agents, mild bathroom cleaning agents, pile fabrics, lint-free cloths. After cleaning, rinse thoroughly with plenty of water and dry with a chamois leather. A soft hand brush may be used to remove stubborn dirt and marks.
2. The following are not suitable for cleaning: abrasive or solvent-based cleaning agents, aggressive acids and lyes (e.g. vinegar essences, alkaline chlorine-based cleaning agents) abrasive cleaning sponges/cloths, coloured cleaning agents, saturated disposable cloths.